<u>Security & Identity Products</u> (https://cloud.google.com/products/security/) <u>Cloud Key Management Service</u> (https://cloud.google.com/kms/) <u>Documentation</u> (https://cloud.google.com/kms/docs/) <u>Guides</u>

Creating asymmetric keys

This topic provides information about creating asymmetric keys. If you want to create symmetric keys, see the <u>Creating Keys and Key Rings</u> (https://cloud.google.com/kms/docs/creating-keys) topic.

Create a key ring

A key ring is defined by its <u>location</u> (https://cloud.google.com/kms/docs/object-hierarchy#location) and name.

CONSOLE	COMMAND LINE	API
1. Go to the	Cryptographic Keys page	in the Cloud Console.
2. Click Crea	te key ring.	
3. In the Key	ring name field, enter the	name for your key ring.
4. From the I	-ocation dropdown, selec	t a location.
5. Click Crea	te.	

Create a key

A key must be created in a key ring.



- Click the Purpose dropdown. Select an asymmetric key purpose, for example Asymmetric sign or Asymmetric decrypt. To learn more about key purposes, see <u>Key purposes</u> (https://cloud.google.com/kms/docs/algorithms#key_purposes).
- 6. Click the Algorithm dropdown. Select the algorithm for your key. You can change this for future key versions. The choice of Purpose determines which algorithms are available. For example, if your key purpose is Asymmetric sign, one of the supported algorithms is Elliptic Curve P-256 SHA256 Digest. To learn more about algorithms for an asymmetric key, see <u>Key purposes and algorithms</u> (https://cloud.google.com/kms/docs/algorithms).
- 7. For Protection level, select either Software or HSM. To learn more about protection levels, see <u>Protection levels</u> (https://cloud.google.com/kms/docs/algorithms#protection_levels). Your Cryptographic Keys page should look similar to:

	iter key name	
Pur	pose 🕜	
As	symmetric sign	
	Algorithm	
	Elliptic Curve P-256 - SHA256 Digest	
	128 bits of security	
Prot	tection level 🕜	
Sc	oftware	
HSN	I is not available on global keyrings	
Rota	ation period 🕜	
N/	A	
N/ Rot Lab	ation summary: Asymmetric keys cannot be automatically rotated. els 🕜	
N/ Rot Lab	ation summary: Asymmetric keys cannot be automatically rotated. els 🝘	

9. Click Create.

When you create an asymmetric key, the initial state for the key version is pending generation. When Cloud Key Management Service finishes generating the key version, its state automatically changes to enabled. Learn more about key version states at <u>Key states</u> (https://cloud.google.com/kms/docs/key-states).

If you want to retrieve the public key portion of the newly created key version, follow the instructions at <u>Retrieving a public key</u> (https://cloud.google.com/kms/docs/retrieve-public-key).

Access control to asymmetric keys

A signer or validator requires the appropriate permission or role on the asymmetric key.

- For a user or service that will perform signing, grant the cloudkms.cryptoKeyVersions.useToSign permission on the asymmetric key.
- For a user or service that will retrieve the public key, grant the cloudkms.cryptoKeyVersions.viewPublicKey on the asymmetric key. The public key is required for signature validation.

Learn about permissions and roles in Cloud KMS release at <u>Permissions and Roles</u> (https://cloud.google.com/kms/docs/reference/permissions-and-roles).

Next steps

- Learn about <u>Creating and validating signatures</u> (https://cloud.google.com/kms/docs/create-validate-signatures).
- Learn about <u>Encrypting and decrypting data with an RSA key</u> (https://cloud.google.com/kms/docs/encrypt-decrypt-rsa).
- Learn about <u>Retrieving a public key</u> (https://cloud.google.com/kms/docs/retrieve-public-key).

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