<u>Cloud SQL</u> (https://cloud.google.com/sql/) <u>Documentation</u> (https://cloud.google.com/sql/docs/) <u>MySQL</u> (https://cloud.google.com/sql/docs/mysql/) <u>Guides</u>

Connecting MySQL client using the Cloud SQL Proxy

MySQL | <u>PostgreSQL</u> (https://cloud.google.com/sql/docs/postgres/connect-admin-proxy) | <u>SQL</u> <u>Server</u> (https://cloud.google.com/sql/docs/sqlserver/connect-admin-proxy)

This page describes how to connect <u>a mysql client</u> (https://dev.mysql.com/doc/refman/5.7/en/mysql.html) to your Cloud SQL instance using the Cloud SQL Proxy, rather than over IP.

For information about connecting a mysql client to a Cloud SQL instance using IP, see <u>Connecting mysql Client Using IP Addresses</u> (https://cloud.google.com/sql/docs/mysql/connect-admin-ip).

For more information about how the proxy works, see <u>About the Cloud SQL Proxy</u> (https://cloud.google.com/sql/docs/mysql/sql-proxy).

Note: The Cloud SQL Proxy is available only for Cloud SQL Second Generation instances.

Before you begin

Before you can connect a mysql to a Cloud SQL instance, you must have:

 Created a Cloud SQL instance, including configuring the default user.
For more information about creating instances, see <u>Creating Instances</u> (https://cloud.google.com/sql/docs/mysql/create-instance).

For more information about configuring the default user, see <u>Configuring the default user</u> <u>account</u> (https://cloud.google.com/sql/docs/mysql/create-manage-users#user-root).

 Determined how you will connect to your instance.
For information about the available connection options and how to choose between them, see <u>Connection Options for External Applications</u> (https://cloud.google.com/sql/docs/mysql/external-connection-methods).

Connecting the mysql client

Connecting a mysql to your Cloud SQL instance with the proxy involves the following steps:

- 1. Enable the Cloud SQL API (#enable-api)
- 2. Install the proxy (#install)
- 3. Create a service account (#service-account)
- 4. Start the proxy (#start-proxy)
- 5. Start the mysql session (#start-mysql)
- 1. Enable the API

Enable the Cloud SQL Admin API.

ENABLE THE API (HTTPS://CONSOLE.CLOUD.GOOGLE.COM/FLOWS/ENABLEAPI?APIID=SQLADMIN&REDIF

2. Install the proxy

LINUX 64-BIT	LINUX 32-BIT	MORE -
1. Download the	proxy:	
wget https:	//dl.google.com/cloudsql/cloud_sql_proxy.linux.amd64	-0 cloud_sql_
2. Make the prox	y executable:	
chmod +x cl	oud_sql_proxy	•● □

If your operating system isn't included here, you can also <u>compile the proxy from source</u> (http://github.com/GoogleCloudPlatform/cloudsql-proxy).

3. Create a service account

When you connect using the proxy, the proxy needs to authenticate with Google Cloud Platform. You can either use your Cloud SDK credentials, or you can provide the proxy with a path to a local key file from a service account you create (recommended for production instances). If you are using your Cloud SDK credentials, you can skip this step.

For more information about service accounts, see the <u>Google Cloud Platform Auth Guide</u> (https://cloud.google.com/docs/authentication#service_accounts).

Note: To create a service account with the required permissions, you must have **resourcemanager.projects.setIamPolicy** permission. This permission is included in the Project Owner, Project IAM Admin, and Organization Administrator roles. You must also have enabled the Cloud SQL Admin API.

1. Go to the **Service accounts** page of the Google Cloud Console.

GO TO THE SERVICE ACCOUNTS PAGE (HTTPS://CONSOLE.CLOUD.GOOGLE.COM/IAM-ADMIN/SERV

- 2. Select the project that contains your Cloud SQL instance.
- 3. Click Create service account.
- 4. In the **Create service account** dialog, provide a descriptive name for the service account.
- 5. For Role, select one of the following roles:
 - Cloud SQL > Cloud SQL Client
 - Cloud SQL > Cloud SQL Editor
 - Cloud SQL > Cloud SQL Admin

Alternatively, you can use the primitive Editor role by selecting **Project > Editor**, but the Editor role includes permissions across Google Cloud.

If you do not see these roles, your Google Cloud user might not have the **resourcemanager.projects.setIamPolicy** permission. You can check your permissions by going to the <u>IAM page</u> (https://console.cloud.google.com/iam-admin) in the Google Cloud Console and searching for your user id.

- 6. Change the Service account ID to a unique, easily recognizable value.
- 7. Click Furnish a new private key and confirm that the key type is JSON.
- 8. Click Create.

The private key file is downloaded to your machine. You can move it to another location. Keep the key file secure.

4. Start the proxy

Depending on your language and environment, you can start the proxy using either TCP sockets or Unix sockets.

TCP SOC	KETS UNIX S	OCKETS			
1. Copy	your instance conne	ction name from the Instance details page.			
For ex	ample: myproject:	us-central1:myinstance.			
-	2. If you are using a service account to authenticate the proxy, note the location on your client machine of the private key file that was created when you created the service account.				
	the proxy. possible proxy invoc	cation strings:			
•	Using Cloud SDK au	ithentication:			
	./cloud_sql_pro	xy -instances= <instance_connection_name>=tcp:3306</instance_connection_name>	••		
	The specified port m	nust not already be in use, for example, by a local database serve	:		
•	Using a service acco environments):	ount and explicit instance specification (recommended for produc	tion		
	./cloud_sql_pro	<pre>xy -instances=<instance_connection_name>=tcp:3306 -credential_file=<path_to_key_file> &</path_to_key_file></instance_connection_name></pre>	∖ ∘● □		
(http:	s://cloud.google.com	ut proxy options, see <u>Options for authenticating the proxy</u> n/sql/docs/mysql/sql-proxy#authentication-options) and <u>Option</u> s://cloud.google.com/sql/docs/mysql/sql-proxy#instances-optic			

5. Start the client session

Now that you have installed and started the proxy, you can start a mysql session using the proxy. This command can be used whenever you want to connect to your Cloud SQL instance with a mysql client.

The connection string you use depends on whether you started the proxy using a TCP socket or a UNIX socket.

TCP SOCKETS	UNIX SOCKETS	
1. Start the mysql	l client:	
mysql -u <us< td=""><td>SERNAME> -phost 127.0.0.1</td><td>•● □</td></us<>	SERNAME> -phost 127.0.0.1	•● □
When you connect using TCP sockets, the proxy is accessed through 127.0.0.1. 2. Enter the password.		
	e the mysql prompt.	

Need help? For help troubleshooting the proxy, see <u>Troubleshooting Cloud SQL Proxy</u> <u>connections</u> (https://cloud.google.com/sql/docs/mysql/sql-proxy#troubleshooting). Or, see our <u>Cloud</u> <u>SQL Support page</u> (https://cloud.google.com/sql/docs/mysql/support).

What's next

- Learn more about the proxy (https://cloud.google.com/sql/docs/mysql/sql-proxy).
- Get help <u>troubleshooting connection issues</u> (https://cloud.google.com/sql/docs/mysql/sql-proxy#troubleshooting) for the Cloud SQL Proxy.
- Learn about the <u>two levels of access control</u> (https://cloud.google.com/sql/docs/mysql/instance-access-control) for Cloud SQL instances.
- Create <u>users</u> (https://cloud.google.com/sql/docs/mysql/create-manage-users) and <u>databases</u> (https://cloud.google.com/sql/docs/mysql/create-manage-databases).
- Learn about <u>connecting to your instance from your application</u> (https://cloud.google.com/sql/docs/mysql/instance-access-control).
- Learn about <u>MySQL Client</u> (https://dev.mysql.com/doc/refman/5.7/en/mysql.html).
- Learn about options for support (https://cloud.google.com/sql/docs/support).

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